Introduction to English for Scientific Communication: Quiz 1 (Articles) Answers

Part 1: In each sentence below, the place in which "	
appears may require an article. If an article is needed, please write in the appropriate one. If none is needed, please write "none".	
1. The above results provide <u>a</u> clear understanding of the resonant behaviour.	
2. Most of <u>the</u> change occurs in <u>the</u> first half of <u>the/an</u> operation.	
3. We consider the simple equation $d\tau(x)/dx = f(x)$, where [none] $f(x)$ is the second function appearing in[none] (3.4).	<u>3</u>
4. In this case it is most convenient to use <u>[none]</u> cylindrical coordinates	•
5. This treatment is analogous to $\underline{\text{the}}$ standard algebraic treatment of $\underline{\text{the}}$ harmonic oscillator.	<u>'a</u>
6. Here, the quantity h has <u>an</u> interesting physical interpretation.	
7. Next, we reduce this set of equations to <u>a</u> system of simpler equation	ons.
8. However, note here that $\underline{ [none] }F(\gamma,t)$ is not $\underline{ a }$ continuous func γ .	tion of
9. As seen in $\underline{\text{the}}$ figure, there are four peaks of $\Gamma(y)$ between $y1$ and $y2$ $\underline{\text{the}}$ position of each is determined by \underline{a} separate equation.	, and _
10. One of the main results is given in the next section.	