Spatially Resolved Measurements of Turbulence in the Flare Reconnection Region

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Reconnection happens

 But needs small length scales, and locally enhanced resistivity, to achieve useful speeds/timescales



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Liu et al. ApJ, 676, 704 (2008)



2012/05/17 Event

GOES M5.1

- Complex motions, with eruptions, oscillations, and inflows
- This study focuses on the plasma sheet above the posteruption arcade in the south.

Movie file: <u>http://solar.physics.montana.edu/mckenzie/</u>SADmovies/ Explosive_Flare_20120517.mp4



EIS and AIA





EIS rasters at range of temperature





Fe XVI 262 Angstroms





EIS rasters at range of temperature





Non-thermal broadening velocities vary with height

0

20

Box 1: Fe XXIV/Fe XXIII - 49 km/s: Temperature = 13.6 with Fe XII - 28 km/s

Box 2: Fe XXIV/Fe XXIII - 34 km/s; Temperature = 12.7 MK Fe XII – 33 km/s

Box 3: Fe XXIV/Fe XXIII - 28 km/s; Temperature = 11.8 MK Fe XII – 35 km/s

Box 4: Fe XXIV/Fe XXIII - 28 km/s; Temperature = 11.4 MIX Fe XII – 41 km/s

Box 5: Fe XXIV/Fe XXIII – 40 km/s; Temperature = 13 MK Fe XII – 36 km/s



40

Pixels

60

80

2012/01/27 Event

GOES X1.7

- Similar orientation to the the 17-May event
- EIS non-thermal speeds are 35-50 km/s, along the line of sight.
- Images reveal motions in the plane of the sky. LCT allows us to capture and measure the velocity fields.

Movie file: http://solar.physics.montana.edu/mckenzie/SADmovies/ AIA_20120127_rawSADs.mp4



LCT Methodology

- Selected 645 images in 131 Å, from 19:00:21--23:29:58 UT. Cadence is 24s.
- Enhanced for contrast and to emphasize motions.



Enhanced image

2012/01/27 Event

- Enhanced for contrast, to emphasize dynamics, and to reduce noise
- Local correlation tracking via FLCT on the 644 pairs of enhanced images (Fisher & Welsch 2008, ASPCS, vol. 383, p. 373)

2012-01-27T19:00:21.62

Movie file: http://solar.physics.montana.edu/mckenzie/SADmovies/ AIA_20120127_SADs.mov

LCT Methodology

- Considering the whole field of view, median speed is 40 km/s.
- EIS nonthermal broadening speeds in this event are 35--50 km/s.
- Similarly, McKenzie (2013) found median speed of 38 km/s in the 2011/10/22 plasma sheet. Speeds for 2012/05/17 are slower.





LCT Velocity Fields

- The velocity fields include time-varying shears & vortices, on a range of length scales.
- These velocity field characteristics are consistent with turbulence, at the same locations & same times as the EIS measurements.



2012/01/27 Event

- In selected strips of reduced field of view:
 - Strip 1: median = 13 km/s
 - Strip 2: median = 23 km/s
 - Strip 3: median = 47 km/s
 - Strip 4: median = 67 km/s
- EIS non-thermal speeds are 35-50 km/s
 - EIS data are from southern parts of Strips 1-2 only.



Conclusions

- Temperatures in the plasma sheet are 11~15 MK
- EIS & AIA both suggest velocities of 20-60 km/s in the plasma sheet. EIS = line-of-sight |v| for four flares. AIA = plane-of-sky v for three flares.
- In both instruments, the velocities appear to increase with height.
- AIA directly observes the cascade from large length scales (CMEsize) to sizes at the limit of resolution.
- Directly observed motions in AIA appear consistent with the nonthermal broadening in EIS. Supports interpretation as turbulence.
- With $\beta \ge 1$ (McKenzie 2013) this turbulence is important for generating small length scales and tangled magnetic fields needed for fast & prolonged reconnection.

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